IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF PAWNEE COUNTY, STATE OF OKLAHOMA

JAMES ADAMS, on behalf of himself and other Oklahoma citizens similarly situated,

Plaintiff

VS.

EAGLE ROAD OIL LLC, CUMMINGS OIL COMPANY, and JOHN DOES 1 through 25,

Defendants.

Case No. CJ-2016-78

FILED
In the District Court
PAWNEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

SEP 1 1 2017

JANET DALLAS, COUR Clerk

econd

-FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION PETITION

COMES NOW Plaintiff James Adams on behalf of himself and the Class of similarly situated Oklahoma citizens (defined below), and for their First Amended Class Action Petition against Defendants state:

NATURE OF ACTION

- 1. By disposing of fracking wastewater deep into the earth, Defendants introduced contaminants into the natural environment that caused an adverse change to it in the form of unnatural seismic activity. In other words, due to Defendants' pollution of the environment they caused the man-made earthquakes at issue in this case.
- 2. This is an action to recover Plaintiff's and the Class members' damages proximately caused by Defendants' pollution of the environment within and around Pawnee,

Oklahoma through the disposal of fracking wastewater with injection wells, which are the

pollutants.

3. Plaintiff and the Class seek damages, joint and severally from the Defendants, in

the form of the following:

a. Physical damages to real and personal property;

b. market value losses to their real property;

c. emotional distress; and,

d. punitive damages.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff James Adams is a citizen of Oklahoma. He is also a citizen and resident

of Pawnee, Pawnee County, Oklahoma.

5. Defendant Eagle Road Oil LLC ("Eagle Road") is a citizen of Oklahoma. It owns

conducts oil and gas operations in this County, and more specifically, owns and operates the

wastewater disposal well at issue in this case. Its principal place of business is at 321 South

Boston, Suite 300, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103.

7.

6. Defendant Cummings Oil Company ("Cummings") is a citizen of Oklahoma. It

conducts oil and gas operations in this County, and more specifically, owns and operates the

wastewater disposal wells at issue in this action. Cummings has its principal place of business

at 5400 N. Grand Blvd., Suite 100, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73112.

John Does 1-25 are other Oklahoma oil and gas companies that have engaged in

injection well operations in and around Pawnee, which have also contributed to the earthquakes

and resulting damages to Plaintiff and the Class members.

8. Eagle Road, Cummings, and John Does 1-25 are collectively referred to in this petition as "Defendants."

JURISIDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper.
- 10. This Court also has personal jurisdiction over Defendants as they are citizens of Oklahoma, do substantial business in the State of Oklahoma and Pawnee County, and further, operate the wastewater disposal wells at issue within this judicial district.
- 11. Venue is proper in this Court as a substantial part of the events giving rise to this claim occurred here, and Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Pawnee County.

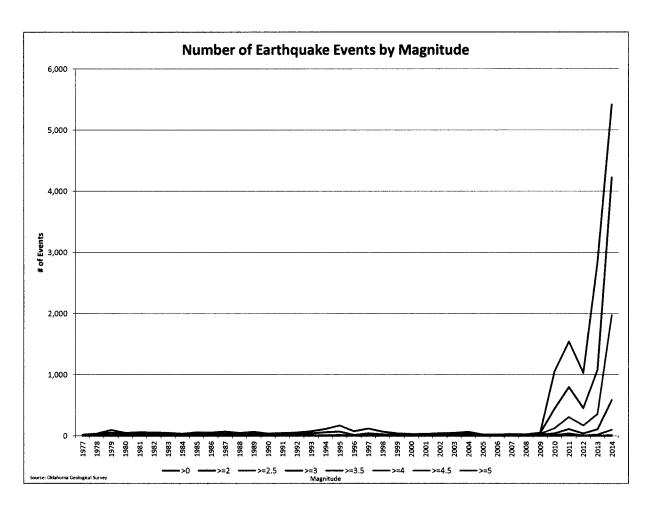
FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 12. In recent years, thousands of earthquakes have occurred in Oklahoma.
- 13. In fact, Oklahoma is the most seismically active state in the continental United States.
- 14. Scientists have tied these earthquakes to the disposal of wastewater from fracking operations, which the oil and gas industry uses to release trapped oil and gas.
- 15. Over the years, the oil and gas industry has issued public statements to hide the seismic problems it is creating, and in fact continued a mantra that their operations did not cause earthquakes.
- 16. In truth, Oklahoma's earthquakes over the past five or so years have been caused by the oil and gas industry's disposal of fracking related waste. Some have termed these earthquakes as "induced," "man-made," "human-made," or "frackquakes."
- 17. The waste fluids generated from fracking are mostly disposed of by injecting the wastewater fluids back into the earth under extreme pressure in what are usually called

Page 3 of 20 **EXHIBIT 25, p. 3**

wastewater disposal wells or injection wells. This process of pollution causes earthquakes, and indeed, have caused the earthquakes shaking Oklahoma since at least 2011.

- 18. In fact, the number of earthquakes in Oklahoma has increased more than 300 fold, from a maximum of 167 before 2009 to 5,838 in 2015.
- 19. As the number of earthquakes has increased, so has their severity. For example, the number of magnitude 3.5 earthquakes has increased fifty fold from 4 in 2009 to 220 in 2015. See below:



These waste-induced earthquakes have toppled historic towers, caused parts of houses to fall and injure people, cracked basements, and shattered nerves, as people fear there could be worse to come.

- 20. On March 28, 2016, and revised on June 17, 2016, the United States Geological Survey ("USGS") published a study quantifying these risks. It found that the earthquake risks in Oklahoma have risen rapidly as a result of deep disposal of production wastes. Oklahoma earthquake risks are now the highest in the nation. Maps included in the report show a broad swathe of the State of Oklahoma has a 5 to12% likelihood of a highly damaging earthquake in the next year. Petersen, M.D., Mueller, C.S., Moschetti, M.P., Hoover, S.M., Llenos, A.L., Ellsworth, W.L., Michael, A.J., Rubinstein, J.L., McGarr, A.F., and Rukstales, K.S., 2016, 2016 One-year seismic hazard forecast for the Central and Eastern United States from induced and natural earthquakes: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 2016–1035, 52 p., http://dx.doi.org/10.3133/ofr20161035.
- 21. On September 3, 2016, these scientists' prediction that a more damaging earthquake to Oklahoma was coming proved to be true.
- 22. On that day, a magnitude-5.8 earthquake shattered Pawnee, Oklahoma. The earthquake's epicenter was about 15 km northwest of the town of Pawnee.
 - 23. This was the largest earthquake that had ever hit Oklahoma.
- 24. A magnitude-5.8 earthquake is a big one. Oklahoma Geological Survey's Director Jeremy Boak said, "Any time you have a big earthquake like that, you worry about the aftershocks," Boak said. "How big they'll be, how many there will be."
- 25. All segments of Oklahoma's government, from the Governor to the Director of OGS, agree that Pawnee's 5.8m earthquake was induced by Defendants' wastewater disposal operations and from the injection wells they operate nearby.

- 26. The 5.8m earthquake near Pawnee on September 3, 2016, was not a naturally occurring earthquake, or an act of God. Instead, the Defendants' pollution of the environment caused it, and the other earthquakes that followed.
- 27. In the area around Pawnee, there were at least 41 shocks involving magnitude-2.5+ earthquakes before the end of September, 2016.
- 28. These quakes ranged in magnitude from 2.5m to 3.6, and have all been identified by USGS and shown in the following table:

TIME	MAG	PLACE
2016-09-26T09:09:05.500Z	2.5	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-23T08:28:17.800Z	3	12km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-18T21:30:52.300Z	2.7	5km N of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-16T23:02:23.400Z	2.5	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-16T22:28:50.700Z	2.7	10km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-12T21:39:14.500Z	3	14km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-12T09:57:28.900Z	2.6	8km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-12T05:54:12.700Z	3	8km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-11T04:57:16.300Z	2.9	12km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-10T17:26:45.800Z	2.5	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-09T20:28:01.100Z	2.6	10km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-08T01:54:16.100Z	2.5	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-07T11:17:39.300Z	2.6	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-07T03:11:55.100Z	2.7	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T18:08:11.600Z	2.7	10km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T16:37:08.100Z	2.8	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T12:56:04.900Z	3	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T12:16:46.800Z	2.9	12km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T08:48:26.500Z	2.5	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T05:44:34.400Z	2.5	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-04T03:15:56.400Z	3.1	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T23:56:36.600Z	3	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T23:17:26.500Z	2.6	7km N of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T18:07:04.400Z	2.5	8km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T15:31:40.900Z	3.4	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T15:25:00.500Z	2.9	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T14:56:32.000Z	2.6	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T14:47:04.200Z	3.3	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T14:35:30.800Z	2.6	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T14:07:16.900Z	2.5	9km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T14:05:49.200Z	2.6	9km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T13:49:37.500Z	2.5	9km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T13:06:06.700Z	2.6	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:58:37.800Z	3.6	13km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:57:36.200Z	2.6	12km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:39:48.800Z	2.7	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:36:18.000Z	2.5	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:32:02.300Z	2.6	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:21:25.200Z	2.7	10km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:18:54.000Z	2.6	9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-09-03T12:16:22.200Z	3.3	3 9km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma

- 29. Defendants' pollution of the environment around Pawnee, through their disposal of fracking wastewater with injection wells, caused the 5.8m earthquake on September 3rd and all of the other seismicity shown in the table above.
- 30. Moreover, the quakes around Pawnee continued into October and November, 2016. In fact, there have been eleven more earthquakes, and another substantial earthquake of 4.5m shook the areas around Pawnee on November 2, 2016.
- 31. The following table shows the earthquakes near Pawnee in October and November, 2016, including the 4.5m earthquake:

TIME	MAG	PLACE
2016-11-14T14:41:50.710Z	3.4	15km W of Cleveland, Oklahoma
2016-11-05T15:40:31.330Z	2.9	2km E of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-11-05T09:39:43.990Z	3.7	13km ESE of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-11-02T15:10:43.700Z	3.1	12km ESE of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-11-02T08:57:02.590Z	2.8	12km ESE of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-11-02T04:26:54.200Z	4.5	14km ESE of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-10-29T06:06:02.580Z	3.3	9km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-10-21T16:50:22.000Z	2.6	12km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-10-19T12:04:51.630Z	2.7	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-10-09T12:23:05.100Z	3.7	11km NW of Pawnee, Oklahoma
2016-10-01T10:58:31.300Z	2.9	8km NNW of Pawnee, Oklahoma

32. All of these earthquakes were also caused by Defendants' pollution of the environment around Pawnee, through their disposal of fracking wastewater with injection wells.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

33. Plaintiff realleges each of the preceding paragraphs, and by this reference incorporates each such paragraph as though set forth here in full.

34. Plaintiff brings this action, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, as a class action pursuant to 12 O.S. § 2023.

- 35. The Class that Plaintiff seeks to represent (the "Class") is defined as follows:
 - a) Citizens of Oklahoma;
 - b) owning a home or business in Pawnee County, Creek County or Noble County (hereafter, the "Class Area");
 - c) during the dates of seismic activity within the Class Area between September 3,2016 to present (the "Class Period");
 - d) excluded from the Class are all Class member properties on exclusive federal and/or tribal land; and,
 - e) excluded from the Class are Defendants and their officers and directors, and the judge presiding over this action and his/her immediate family members.
- 36. Plaintiff reserves the right to amend the definition of the Class if discovery and further investigation reveals that the Class should be expanded or otherwise modified.
- 37. This action is brought and properly may be maintained as a class action pursuant to 12 O.S. § 2023, and satisfies the requirements of its provisions.

Numerosity

- 38. Recent media outlets have reported hundreds of homes and businesses were damaged just by the 5.8m earthquake striking the area on September 3, 2016.
- 39. These human-made earthquakes are continuing in the Class Area, and thus, more properties are likely to suffer damages.

- 40. The Class Area includes several counties in Oklahoma where thousands of Oklahoma's citizens reside in their homes and operate businesses.
- 41. As such, the Class is sufficiently numerous and has members scattered over several counties so as to make joinder of all members of the Class in a single action impracticable, and therefore, the resolution of their claims through the procedure of a class action will be to the benefit of the parties and the Court.

Commonality

- 42. Plaintiff's claims raise issues of fact or law which are common to the members of the putative Class. These common questions include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Whether Defendants' disposal well operations within the Class Area caused earthquakes in the Class Area;
 - (b) whether these induced earthquakes caused damage to the personal and real property of Plaintiff and the members of the Class;
 - (c) whether Defendants owed a duty to the Plaintiff and the members of the putative Class;
 - (d) whether Defendants' conduct amounted to a nuisance;
 - (e) whether Defendants' conduct is an ultra-hazardous activity;
 - (f) whether Defendants' operations were negligently performed;
 - (g) whether Defendants caused a trespass;
 - (h) whether Plaintiffs and the members of the putative Class have suffered damages proximately caused by Defendants' wastewater disposal operations; and
 - (i) whether a judgment including punitive damages is appropriate.

Typicality

43. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class they seek to represent because at bottom, all of the claims center upon whether Defendants'

wastewater injection operations have caused the seismicity within the Class Area during the

Class Period.

Adequacy

44. Plaintiff is interested in the outcome of this litigation and understands the

importance of adequately representing the Class.

45. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class sought to be

certified.

46. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class because he has no interests that

are adverse to the interests of the members of the Class. Plaintiff is committed to the vigorous

prosecution of this action and, to that end, Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and

experienced in handling class-action and complex tort litigation, which are also qualified to

adequately represent the Class.

Predominance

47. Questions of law or fact common to the members of the Class predominate over

questions affecting only individual members.

Superiority

48. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient

adjudication of the controversy. The predicate issues relate to Defendants' wastewater injection

operations, actions and activities, and whether these activities pose a nuisance, are an ultra-

hazardous activity, were negligently performed, or caused trespasses. The focus of this action

will be on the common and uniform conduct of Defendants in conducting their wastewater

injection operations during the Class Period and within the Class Area.

49. Absent class action relief, the putative Class Members would be forced to prosecute hundreds of similar claims in different district court venues. Such an event would cause tremendous amounts of waste of judicial resources, but the prosecution of these claims as a class action will promote judicial economy.

50. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create a risk of:

- a. inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class, which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the Defendants; and
- b. adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class, which would as a practical matter be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the adjudications or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests.
- 51. Plaintiff is not aware of any difficulty which will be encountered in the management of this litigation which should preclude its maintenance as a class action.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

ABSOLUTE LIABILITY

- 52. Plaintiff and the Class hereby re-allege and incorporate the foregoing Paragraphs as if fully set forth herein, word-for-word.
- 53. Defendants' actions described above are ultrahazardous activities that necessarily involve a risk of serious harm to a person that cannot be eliminated by the exercise of the utmost care and is not a matter of common usage.

54. Eagle Road conducted wastewater disposal operations at two locations near

Pawnee. These operations contributed to the 5.8m earthquake near Pawnee on September 3,

2017, as well as the other seismicity identified in this petition.

55. Eagle Road's disposal wells at issue are known as the Eagle Road Norman SWD

1-27 and Eagle Road Carter 1-5SWD disposal wells. These two wells combined, historically

based upon public records at the Oklahoma Corporation Commission ("OCC"), for a monthly

average of wastewater injection into Oklahoma's Arbuckle formation of about 191.5 thousand

barrels. In terms of gallons, Eagle Road injected more than 8 million gallons of wastewater into

the Arbuckle – a month, under Pawnee.

56. Cummings also conducted substantial wastewater disposal operations near

Pawnee, and which contributed to the 5.8m earthquake near Pawnee on September 3, 2017, as

well as all the other seismicity identified in this petition.

57. The Cummings disposal well at issue is known as the Cummings Rogers 1-13D

disposal well. Historically, from public data available at the OCC, the Rogers 1-13D disposal

well injected more than 126,000 barrels of wastewater into the Arbuckle formation near Pawnee

on a monthly basis. In terms of gallons, Cummings disposed of about 5.3 million gallons of

waste into the Arbuckle formation under Pawnee monthly.

58. Since 2015, it has been admitted by Oklahoma's government that all of

Oklahoma's seismicity since 2009 is due to wastewater injection operations into Oklahoma's

Arbuckle formation, which resides very deep below Oklahoma's surface. Indeed, in early-

August 2015, more than a year before the 5.8m Labor Day weekend quake near Pawnee,

Governor Mary Fallin, the Oklahoma Secretary of Energy and Environment Michael Teague,

and the Governor's Coordinating Counsel on Seismic Activity acknowledged a "direct correlation" between Oklahoma's seismicity and wastewater disposal.

- 59. Eagle Road's and Cummings' millions of gallons of wastewater disposal operations into the Arbuckle under Pawnee created a high degree of risk of some harm to persons, commercial buildings, homes, and/or the chattels of others in the areas within and surrounding Pawnee.
 - a. It is known that earthquakes can cause substantial injuries to people, and in fact prior to the 5.8m earthquake near Pawnee, Sandra Ladra of Prague, Oklahoma, sued two oil and gas companies for substantial personal injuries to her knees when rocks on her fireplace fell during a 5.7m wastewater disposal induced earthquake near Prague hit in November of 2011.
 - b. Moreover, after the Governor, the Secretary of Energy and Environment, and the Seismicity Council acknowledged the "direct correlation" between Oklahoma's seismicity and fracking wastewater disposal, several schools in Oklahoma began to educate their students on earthquake preparedness, and also implemented safety drills further support that wastewater induced seismicity involves a substantial risk of harm.
 - c. Oklahoma's seismicity, all of which since 2009 has been determined to be induced by wastewater injection, has caused millions of dollars in damages to properties around the state. High profile cases involve over \$2 million in damages to St. Gregory's iconic building Benedictine Hall, and the Lions Club's building in Cushing. The Prague induced quakes of November 2011 toppled one of St. Gregory's Benedictine Hall's four towers. And the Cushing induced

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earthquakes of November 2016 resulted in the total destruction of the Lions

Club's century-old building in Cushing.

d. In Pawnee, for example, Defendants' induced earthquakes have totaled the home

of Johnny and Janice Bryant, and have caused more that \$400,000.00 in damages

to government buildings of the Pawnee Nation.

e. Thus, there is an obvious high degree of risk of some damage to persons, homes,

and other properties due to wastewater disposal operations that create

earthquakes, and the likelihood that harm will result from induced seismicity is

great.

60. There is an inability to eliminate the risks detailed above with the exercise of

reasonable care as to the Defendants' actions of disposing of millions of gallons of wastewater in

the Arbuckle and near a fault line - an induced earthquake is inevitable and is a known

consequence to those that dispose of these wastes in this manner, scientifically. Even

Defendants' compliance with government licensing and/or regulations does not eliminate the risk

of causing seismicity and resulting harm to persons and property, and moreover, is no bar to the

application of absolute liability principles under Oklahoma law.

61. Wastewater disposal operations, especially into Oklahoma's Arbuckle and near

faults, are not a matter of common usage, and indeed, are analogous to activities routinely

considered as ultrahazardous such as blasting, demolition operations, the use, transport, or

storing of hazardous chemicals, and the controlled burning of fields. All of these activities

involve inherent risks, and are certainly not "normal to the average man."

62. It is inappropriate to dispose of millions of gallons of fracking wastewater into

Oklahoma's Arbuckle formation, especially in areas where there are fault lines nearby. Such

activity unavoidably involves unreasonable risk.

63. While fracking wastewater disposal is necessary part of oil and gas exploration

and is of a value to the community, such is outweighed by its dangerous attributes – especially

when such operations involve such huge volumes of wastewater, disposed of deep into the

Arbuckle formation, and near fault lines, and that result in devastating seismicity.

64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' ultrahazardous activities, Plaintiff

and the Class members have suffered damages, to which Defendants are strictly liable.

65. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' ultrahazardous activities, Plaintiff

and Class members have suffered damages to their homes in the form of physical damages and

market losses, and also damages to their personal property.

66. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' ultrahazardous activities, Plaintiff

and Class members have suffered and continue to suffer emotional harm.

COUNT II

NEGLIGENCE

67. Plaintiff and the Class hereby re-allege and incorporate the foregoing Paragraphs.

as if fully set forth herein, word-for-word.

68. The Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiff and the Class to use ordinary care and

not to operate or maintain their injection wells in such a way as to cause or contribute to seismic

activity. Defendants, experienced in these operations, were well aware of the connection

between injection wells and seismic activity, and acted in disregard of these facts.

69. As a direct and proximate result of these facts, omissions, and fault of the Defendants, the Plaintiff and the Class have suffered injuries reasonably foreseeable to the Defendants in the form of property damages to their homes (in the form of physical damages and market losses), damages to their personal property, and emotional harm that is continuing.

COUNT III

PRIVATE NUISIANCE

- 70. Plaintiff and the Class re-allege and incorporate the foregoing Paragraphs, as if fully set forth herein, word-for-word.
 - 71. Defendants' conduct constitutes a private nuisance.
- 72. Plaintiff and the Class have property rights and are privileged regarding the use and enjoyment of their home, land and businesses. Defendants' actions and operations as described above have unlawfully and unreasonably interfered with those rights and privileges.
- 73. Plaintiff and the Class have suffered harm and damages because of Defendants' creation of a nuisance, including:
 - a. Damages to their personal and real property;
 - b. interference with their use and enjoyment of property;
 - c. annoyance, discomfort and inconvenience on their property caused by Defendants' nuisance;
 - d. loss of peace of mind and emotional distress; and
 - e. diminution of property value.

COUNT IV

TRESPASS

- 65. Plaintiff and the Class re-allege and incorporate the foregoing Paragraphs, as if set forth herein, word-for-word.
- 66. Plaintiff and the Class are and have been lawfully entitled to possession of their property.
- 67. Defendants, without the permission or consent of Plaintiff and the Class and without legal right, intentionally engaged in activities that resulted in concussions or vibrations entering Plaintiff's and the Class members' property. Such unauthorized invasion of Plaintiff's and the Class members' property constitutes a trespass.
- 68. Because of Defendants' trespass, Plaintiffs and the Class have suffered damages, including:
 - a. Damages to personal and real property;
 - b. interference with their use and enjoyment of property;
 - c. annoyance, discomfort and inconvenience on their property caused by Defendants' trespass;
 - d. loss of peace of mind and emotional distress; and
 - e. diminution of real estate property value.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

69. The Defendants' actions, in knowingly causing seismic activity as a result of their injection well operations, constitute wanton or reckless disregard for public or private safety, and are thus subject to a claim for punitive damages, for which Plaintiff and the Class seek in an amount sufficient to punish the Defendants and to deter them from such conduct in the future.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

70. Plaintiff and the Class respectfully demand a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the Class respectfully requests the following relief:

- i. A joint and several judgment against Defendants awarding real and personal property damages (for physical damage and market loss), and emotional harm caused by and continuing by the conduct of the Defendants in an amount to be proven at trial;
- ii. punitive damages;
- iii. pre-judgment and post-judgment interest; and,
- iv. all other relief to which Plaintiff and the Class are entitled or that the Court deems just and proper.

DATED: September 8, 2017

ATTORNEYS LIEN CLAIMED

Respectfully Submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the day of September, 2017, I served a copy of the above

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First Amended Class Action Petition upon the following by U.S. Mail:

Attorneys for Defendants

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